The Fundamental Truths of Śrī Caitanya Mahāprabhu's Teachings

(Ref: Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Țhākura's Daśā-mula-tattva, Daśā-mula-niryāsa)

āmnāyah prāha tattvam harim iha paramam the Vedas proclaim Absolute Truth Śrī Hari here the Supreme sarva-śaktim rasābdhim the possessor of all potencies of rasa an ocean prakrti-kavalitān tad-bhinnāmsāms ca jīvān and jīvas by His illusory potency swallowed His separated parts tad-vimuktāms ca bhāvād from māyā liberated and by nature bhedābedha-prakāśam sakalam api hareh different and one a manifestation everything and of Śri Hari sādhanam śuddha-bhaktim the means for attainment is the pure bhakti sādhyam janān tat-prītim evety upadiśati the objective is love for Him certainly thus instructs the people gaura-candrah svayam sah the Golden Lord whose personally He effulgence resembles a moon

MŪLA SUTRA:- (As personally instructed to the people by Śrī Gauracandra)

- 1. **Pramāņa:** The teachings of the *Vedas* received through *guru-paramparā* are known as *āmnāya*. The infallible evidence of the *Vedas*, of the *smṛti-śāstras* headed by the *Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam*, as well as evidence such as direct sense perception (*pratyakṣa*), that concur with the guidance of the *Vedas*, are all accepted as *pramāṇa* (evidence). This *pramāṇa* establishes the following *prameyas* (fundamental truths):
- 2. **Parama-tattva:** Śrī Hari alone is the Supreme Absolute Truth.
- 3. Sarva-śaktimān: Śrī Kṛṣṇa is the possessor of all potency.
- 4. Akhila rasāmṛta-sindhu: He is the ocean of nectarean mellows.
- 5. Vibhinnāmśa-tattva: Both the *mukta* (liberated) and *baddha* (conditioned) *jīvas* are His eternally separated parts and parcels.
- 6. **Baddha-jīvas:** Conditioned souls are subject to the control and covering of $m\bar{a}y\bar{a}$.
- 7. **Mukta-jīvas:** Liberated souls are free from *māyā*.
- 8. Acintya-bhedābheda-tattva: The entire universe, consisting of the conscious (cit) and unconscious (acit), is Śrī Hari's *acintya-bhedābheda-prakāśa*. That is to say, it is His manifestation which is inconceivably both different and non-different from Him.
- 9. **Śuddha-bhakti:** Pure devotional service is the only practice (*sādhana*) to attain perfection.
- 10. **Kṛṣṇa-prīti:** Transcendental love and affection for Kṛṣṇa is the one and only final object of attainment (*sādhya-vastu*).

(2 – 8 are sambandha-tattva, 9 is abhideya-tattva, 10 is prayojana-tattva)

— Within Sambandha, 2-4 are regarding Kṛṣṇa, Supreme Personality of Godhead, 5-7 the *jīva*, 8 the nature of the field —