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The following is a lecture given by His Holiness Jayapataka Swami on April 29<sup>th</sup>, 1982 in Denver Colorado. The class begins with a reading from Sri Caitanya-caritamrta, Adi-Iila, Chapter 17.

Jayapataka Swami: By chanting and chanting, onebecames completely purified. Even if one chants a mantra by accident, or not intentionally, then it's called ajnata-sukrti. Unconsciously one gets so much benefit. So, that was in the Treta-yuga, in the Silver Age. Prahlada, in the Golden Age, was chanting Hare Krishna constantly, continuously. He was completely indestructible by his father. The father tried to kill his own 5-year-old child. He couldn't do it.

Dhruva Maharaja was searching for Krishna. He couldn't find Him until he was given a mantra. When he received the mantra "om namobhagavatevasudevaya", he chanted, then he could finally achieve Krishna. One has to receive a mantra, a name of Krishna, from a bona fide spiritual master, and this has been happening since time immemorial. Ajamila, one time chanted, "Narayana", and he was saved from death. He was saved from being taken by the Yamadutas into the lower planetary system for punishment, just by one time chanting the name of God. The powerful mantra vibration, it purifies.

It's not that this chanting is anything new, but sometimes when we chant, we commit offenses and so don't get an effect. So many people are chanting Rama-nama or Krishna-nama, but because they're committing offenses, they're not able to actually make progress. There are various categories, but basically, there are ten offenses to the Holy Name. If we commit these ten offenses and chant, that limits the effect we get.

Even though our chanting is not pure, by CaitanyaMahaprabhu's mercy, even an unqualified person, by chanting His name, is forgiven for offenses, therefore, the chanting has its full effect. Therefore, before we chant Hare Krishna, you hear us chanting the panca-tattvamaha-mantra.

sri-krishna-caitanya

prabhu-nityananda

sri-advaitagadadhara

srivasadi-gaura-bhakta-vrinda

In fact, Brahmananda Maharaja told me that in Africa, Prabhupada told them they should just chant that. They go into the Congo and such places, and mainly Lord Caitanya's names because he has unlimited capacity to forgive. So, we chant Caitanya's name, then on His order we chant Hare Krishna.

Hare Krishna Hare Krishna

Krishna Krishna Hare Hare/

## Hare Rama Hare Rama

## Rama Rama Hare Hare.

This is a great process of meditation, of yoga that's been handed down for millions of years, but it's a very specialized and unique secret, esoteric process, from the past. It will not be generally understood or practiced by everyone. Although it was open to everyone, Lord Caitanya just opened the treasure house, saying, "Everyone can take it." That was His specific mercy.

So, we can take advantage of this, and the proof is how devotees around the world are united. They're one. Simply by chanting Hare Krishna, they're getting transcendental benefit. By the mercy of CaitanyaMahaprabhu, by these books are also sacred expressions. This is a type of sankirtana. Prabhupada had requested that we should distribute the books. SrilaRamesvara Swami has dedicated his life in organizing book distribution. This is the greatest service, thebrhad-mrdanga. This is all the movement of Caitanya, to broadcast the glories of Krishna, the chanting of the holy name, this spiritual knowledge.

These are preliminary pastimes which especially the devotees can appreciate. Generally, we discuss after Lord Caitanya started His preaching. The public will understand that, better. But sometimes it's nice to see how Lord Caitanya, in the first 14 years was acting. After the 14<sup>th</sup> year, He actually, fully got into single pointed sankirtana. Before that, there was sankirtana, there was Krishna-bhakti, but it was not so obvious to everyone. But, now we can take advantage of Lord Caitanya's mercy, chant Hare Krishna, perfect our lives and help others. We should try with our life to do as much good as we can to others.

There's no greater good that can be done than if you can give one this spiritual knowledge. You may be a kolavecha, you may be the king, but if you are actually Krishna conscious, that means that you don't have any more dependence on material happiness and distress. You are always happy. Even the big king, with all the diamonds, all the gold and everything, is always hankering, "This was not enough. That's not good enough. I need more. I need this. I need this." There are always so many unfulfilled desires, but when one simply desires Krishna, one is considered to be the greatest sadhu. That's liberation.

Krishna may give such a person wealth. Every Krishna-bhaktadoesn't have to be poor. Yudhisthiraand Arjuna were emperors of the world. Pariksit was emperor of the world. They had unlimited wealth. They could do so many asvamedha-yajnas, rajasuya sacrifices, each taking literally thousands of tons of gold to perform. Also He had Sudama-vipra who was a poor Brahmana. Later he gave him huge palaces with jewels and servants. The devotee, in any condition is actually satisfied.

When he reaches that stage, Krishna doesn't mind giving him so much wealth, but if a devotee is not mature, prematurely given too much material opulence, they may think, "Oh, this material opulence is happiness." Then, they forget Krishna. Then they're in maya. Then they're caught up again in the samsara and laws of karma. But one who acts for Krishna, under Krishna's shelter is above the law of karma. There's no reaction for those activities.

Either a poor man or rich man, he who is without connection to Krishna is bound up in the laws of karma. His happiness is mixed with misery, and his misery is mixed with happiness. The devotee has continual happiness. Externally, he may look miserable, or very poor, or he may look very rich, but internally, his happiness is coming from Krishna. That is steady unadulterated happiness.

**Questions and Answers** 

Man: Can you speak to me about spiritual communism?

Jayapataka Swami: What would you like to know? Prabhupada's definition: Everything belongs to Krishna. Spiritual Communism means that everything belongs to Krishna.

isvasyamidamsarvam

yatkincajagatyamjagat

tenatyaktenabhunjitha

magrdhahkasyasviddhanam

Everything is the property of Krishna. Every person is allowed his quota. With that quota, they should be satisfied, and if they have surplus, then they should use that for the service of Krishna to help others. So, we accept not that the state is the owner of everything, but that Krishna is the owner of everything.

The ideal state is only acting on behalf of Krishna to help the people to progress, spiritually. If everything belongs to Krishna, and we each get our quota, then that's automatically spiritual communism. When you act in that consciousness, we act as spiritual parts of Krishna.

Man: How is it possible to attain that, as things are now, locally or on the international scale?

Jayapataka Swami: First of all, you have to bring about spiritual consciousness, then automatically, it happens.

Man: How to bring about spiritual consciousness?

Jayapataka Swami: By getting people to chant Hare Krishna.

Man: People have such a great misunderstanding. They don't understand reincarnation. They don't understand Krishna as an incarnation of the Lord. How can you bring this understanding out?

Jayapataka Swami: 10 years ago, no one even knew what reincarnation was. Now, in Brazil, 90% of people believe in reincarnation, and it's a Roman Catholic country. I know in France 70 or 80% of people believe in reincarnation.

Man: They don't understand Krishna as an incarnation of God.

Jayapataka Swami: Yes, it's a gradual process. We need more preachers. We need more people to explain. Then, they'll gradually know. First of all, let them understand what the soul is, what life is, then

that there is a Supreme Soul. Then, they can understand that Krishna is the same Supreme Soul that they know as "God" or whatever they know Him as, Allah, Jehovah, The Father. Many people are accepting.

In North Carolina, two weeks ago, there was a PTA meeting, where in all,more than 150 elderly ladies all chanted Hare Krishna. It's just that we have to go out, basically meet the public in different forums and gradually explain Krishna in ways that they can understand, ways they can relate to. Gradually people will come to know. According to the audience, you have to present it.

You have to use at least the vocabulary and the concepts they're familiar with. If a physicist talks in calculus equations, then no one will know what he's talking about, except for other physicists or mathematicians. Similarly, in the temple, we may discuss in a slightly more technical manner, but if you go out and meet certain people, you have to know how to speak to them SometimesPrabhupada would meet people on the street, and say "God bless you.".

Man: The way the show's being run now, people are trying to take money at the airports. It's a con game.

Jayapataka Swami: Well, we're giving out books.

Man: Yeah, I was first introduced to Krishna consciousness about six years ago in Atlanta, Georgia. I gave the man some change and I was walking to catch my flight. I gave all I could, butnot quite what the book was worth. I gave him what I had, sincerely, but next thing I knew, he snatched it out of my hand, and he's gone, the book's gone. If had more time, I would have tried to run him down or make a police report. He cheated me. It speaks to the need of cheaters and the cheated, now, for the last six years, I've had a negative attitude about Krishna consciousness.

Jayapataka Swami: Well, I think in the beginning, some people were over-zealous. This may happen, but, the point is, I don't think it happens anymore. As far as I know, the distributors have become much more mature, and that these type of things have been brought to the attention of the leaders of the Society. They've made various resolutions that are in the standards, that nothing illegal, or no type of indiscreet sankirtana tactics, or something, these are not to be used. These are not allowed.

This is not the movement of Lord Caitanya. A lot of those people aren't around anymore. In the beginning, some people just became a bit carried away, and we've definately suffered for that, but you can at least have the satisfaction of knowing, at least I assume, that the person, turned the money into the temple. At least someone else got a book that paid the right amount of money.

Now most of the places, we give out free books. You'd be surprised, how many free books we give out. So, six years ago, it was a little bit different than now. Now, many people get free books. And I'm sure that the temple would be glad to give you a medium sized book for the money you need reimbursed.

Man: At the time, it was very stressful. If it happened to me, I'm sure it happened to many others.

Jayapataka Swami: Would you give him a Back to Godhead?

Devotee: We'll give him a whole case. (laughing)

Jayapataka Swami: We'll be happy to give you as many books as you can read.

Devotee: How is it possible for a devotee to go back to Godhead in a sankirtana van?

Jayapataka Swami: We'll if you're as Krishna conscious as they are, you get in.

Lady: These well-to-do guys worship demigods, why are the devotees of Krishna, sometimes, not very rich?

Jayapataka Swami: Very nice question. As I mentioned before, actually the devotee himself is so busy serving Krishna that he doesn't have any time to waste in unnecessary pursuits to become rich. They're happy with just a minimal amount. So, rather than become distracted, they just use all of their energy in serving Krishna. In this way, the devotee is richest of all, because by this type of devotional service, one is able to conquer Krishna.

Krishna possesses all wealth. AsSrilaPrabhupada said, "I have so many millions and millions and millions of dollars and temples, but I can never stay at any temple more than one week, or a few days, or two weeks." Prabhupada was always travelling, and as far as his personal belongings, he just had his clothing and his books, but technically, the whole movement was under his inspiration and his to engage in Krishna's service as he saw fit. Personally, one would consider that, simultaneously, he was living in a very simple way. Everything he had, he invested in, Krishna's temples, Krishna's books and Krishna's work. He set nothing aside for any separate purpose.

In like manner, the devotee himself prefers to live in a very simple way, not needing to have all types of opulent things. The materialist always wants to get more and more opulent things, and as a result, they become always dissatisfied. If some opulence is needed for Krishna's service, then one can accept it. In such cases, Krishna gives opulence, butgenerally the devotees are already so satisfied in Krishna's service that they don't bother to accumulate. If they get money, then immediately they spend it on Krishna. How much does one need? If you have clothing, and you have house, and you have enough to eat, what does it matter if you have a Rolls Royce limousine or if you have a Dodge Dart?

As a devotee, you desire to get around, if you have service to get around. You don't have the desires for a Rolls Royce, unless it's useful for preaching.

Man: What would you say is the ultimate goal of Krishna consciousness?

Jayapataka Swami: The ultimate goal, the ultimate goal of Krishna consciousness is to be completely Krishna conscious. (laughing) To do that service as described by RupaGosvami:

anyabhilasita-sunyam

jnana-karmadyanavrtam

anukulyenakrsnanu-

## silanambhaktiruttama

Anyabhilasita-sunyam: to have no other desire. To have no other desire.Karma, jnanaanavrtam. That includes not having any desire for any fruitive result, that, "I'm working hard. I should get the result for what I'm doing.", or jnanam, to have some independent knowledge which is unrelated to our development of Krishna consciousness. anukulyenakrsnanu-silanam, to always be engaged in Krishna's service in a favorable way, free from those desires, that is considered to be topmost Krishna consciousness, or topmost bhakti-yoga.

So our goal is to achieve that type of transcendental service where we are intimately serving Krishna's devotees, satisfying Krishna, directly. That service is uninterrupted, and untouched by all these material desires and motives. That's considered to be the perfectional platform of bhakti. When one is serving in that way, then he gets full Krishna-realization, self-realization, and understands his eternal relationship with God.

Man: Each day, I remember Krishna, but mostly I forget about Krishna. Now I'm wondering, "What does Krishna want from me?" What does Krishna want?

Jayapataka Swami: That you don't forget Him. He appreciates you remembering Him, but now He wants you not to forget Him. When we forget Krishna, then immediately, our desires begin, immediately our suffering begins, then immediately our entanglement, and as we remember Krishna, then our freedom begins, then our protection is there. Therefore, Lord Caitanya said, "Kirtaniyasadaharih": "One should always remember and chant Krishna." In this way, one is transcendental to these material miseries.

That takes practice, because obviously in the beginning everyone's going to forget Krishna, therefore, we associate with devotees. With association of devotees, they help us to remember Krishna. We eat Krishna prasadam. We chant Krishna. We do services which we can see are related to Krishna because they've been authorized by a spiritual master. Some people work in a temple, some people have jobs that they work outside, and they're supposed to give the fruits of their work to Krishna; they shouldn't do work which is inimical to Krishna, like being a butcher or something though. In this way, Lord Krishna says, in the Gita to practice. By practice, then you'll be able to reach the perfectional stage.

If you can immediately fix your mind on Krishna, then you can be perfect in no time, but if you can't just always fix your mind on Krishna, without forgetting, then you have to practice, and that practice is called sadhana-bhakti, or the practice of devotional service.

Devotee: I once heard a story about this one brahmana, that's going around to senior personalities, he went to Lord Visnu, and Laksmi was massaging His feet, Lord Visnu's feet, and the brahmana put his foot on Lord Visnu's chest, and Laksmi-devi wasn't really too pleased about that, and ever since then, she hasn't taken too kindly to brahmanas, as we say. I'm wondering if that could be another reason devotees are typically poor.

Jayapataka Swami: Of course, devotees are Vaisnavas, so they're beyond brahmanism. Brghu-muni was just a brahmana, but he wasn't a Vaisnava, otherwise he wouldn't be kicking Visnu in the chest. So, Krishna consciousness is above brahmanism.

You find some Krishna devotees, they may also haveweath. The guru of Gadadharaprabhu, PundarikaVidyanidhi was always wealthy. Surrounded by opulence, silken cloth, big baths, lights, silken cushions and people fanning him, also pallenquins, but Gadadharawas a lifelong celibate brahmacari. The first time he saw him, he wasn't yet his spiritual master, but at that time he had a few doubts. Then it was revealed to him. That's a whole other story, how it was revealed to him. That opulence was like a show. He had those things, but actually, he was completely Krishna conscious.

Man: The Vedic scriptures speak of, many ways and means of going about devotional service such as hearing, chanting and so on. One that I am attracted to, that I still don't quite understand is deity worship. Would you tell me a little bit more about it, since understand more. I've read, but still, I don't quite have the essence of this.

Jayapataka Swami: Deity worship for this age has been simplified by Narada Muni, and we follow the narada-pancaratrika system of deity worship. To actually do perfect deity worship is not possible in this age. Only if one'schanting the holy names is it possible. There are many rules and regulations for deity worship, so this has been simplified, and it's based around more kirtana.

By worshipping a form of the Lord, we should see the deity as an incarnation of Krishna. It's called arcaavatara. Because we don't have the vision to see Krishna, we haven't developed that spiritual vision, He comes before us in a form that we can handle, so that we can serve him in that way. That's very good for our concentration, so we don't forget Krishna. We have the form of Krishna. Those deities are installed by a bona-fide spiritual master, and with a specific way of calling Krishna so He actually incarnates in the deity.

They're not made by imagination. They're made according to descriptions, the dimensions given in the Vedas, which are representative of Krishna, and then for Krishna, Himself, He personally is there, and there's many pastimes with deities, where actually, the deity sometimes talks to the worshipper, sometimes the deity walks, although generally, that's only reciprocating with some great, great devotee. Generally, of course, for common devotees, we see the deities standing. We think the deity's possibly made of stone or wood or this or that, that's our materialistic vision. We shouldn't see like that. We should see that this is actually an incarnation of Krishna, that He has agreed to come in this that we can handle and worship, and in this way, He's receiving that worship, directly, and He's reciprocating with it. We offer food to Him, and we take the remnants.

It's a type of sacrifice, a type of meditation. We're recommended to chant Hare Krishna in front of the deity. You can get your own Krishna deity, and offer incense and chant Hare Krishna, offer water to the deity. So if he wants to worship a picture like a deity, if you do deity worship to a picture, the rules are much less strict. You can set it up like they worship, there. Engage yourself in meditation on and worship of that picture.

Devotee: He wants to offer you a pear. Jayapataka Swami: Thank you. What is your name? Devotee: His name is Harry Madison. Jayapataka Swami: Harry: It's almost like Hari. Harry: I'm nothing like Krishna. Jayapataka Swami: No, butdevotees are named after names of Krishna. Harry: What is your name? Jayapataka Swami: Jayapataka Swami. Harry: I have one more question. Jayapataka Swami: Give everyone else a chance. We have a pretty small group, tonight. Let's fully

satisfy everybody.

Man: You were speaking about chanting, and ever since I've been coming to the temple, they've always emphasized chanting, and...

Jayapataka Swami: Do you have a set of beads?

Man: Yes, I do. I took them on my second visit, here.

Jayapataka Swami: You chant regularly?

Man: No, I don't...

Jayapataka Swami: Irregularly?

Man: Yes. (Devotees laughing) You spoke of ten offenses while chanting, but you didn't exactly mention what they were. I guess I could look 'em up, but just telling me would be a lot easier, to say again.

Jayapataka Swami: (to the devotees) What's the first offense?

Devotee: To blaspheme devotees who have dedicated their lives to the propagation of the holy names of the Lord.

Jayapataka Swami: Second offense?

Child Devotee: (speaking very softly)

Jayapataka Swami: Raise your hand. Raise it higher. Speak loudly. (Laughing)

Child Devotee: (speaking even softer)

Jayapataka Swami: Did anyone hear that?

Devotees: No.

Jayapataka Swami: To say the names of demigods like Lord Siva, to be equal or greater than Krishna's names. Third offense?

Devotee: Disobey the orders of the spiritual master.

Jayapataka Swami: Fourth offense?

Devotee: Blaspheme the Vedic literature, or literature in pursuance of the Veda.

Jayapataka Swami: Fifth offense?

Devotee: To consider the chanting of Hare Krishna an imagination.

Jayapataka Swami: To think that the glories of chanting of Hare Krishna are some kind of imagination. Sixth?

Devotee: It's to give some material interpretation of the Lord.

Jayapataka Swami: To give an imagined interpretation. The fifth was to think that the glories of the holy name, to be an exaggeration, or imagination, and the sixth is to give your own speculative interpretation. Seven?

Devotee: To commit sinful activities on the strength of chanting the holy name. That means, like premeditated, "Well I, I can, I can do this activity, even like I'd kill this person, I go and chant Hare Krishna, then I'll be purified from the sin." Something like that.

Man: That doesn't work?

Jayapataka Swami: That doesn't work, no.

Devotee: Right.

Jayapataka Swami: If you make a mistake, and do something, you can chant and get purified, but you can't do it on the basis that, "Later, I'll chant and get purified." Then, it won't work. Krishna's can't be cheated. You can't repent before you do something, that you're going to do.

You have to avoid it. Sometimes you may not be able to, then you might not be forgiven sometimes, although not perpetually, but the premeditated sin is considered offensive. It's taking Krishna, mechanically.

Eighth?

Devotee: To consider the chanting of Hare Krishna as one of the auspicious, ritualistic activities which are offered in the Vedas as fruitiveactivities.

Jayapataka Swami: Nine? Yes.

Child devotee: (Softly)To instruct faithless persons.

Devotee: To talk to faithless persons about the glories of the holy name.

Jayapataka Swami: To the faithless persons, yes. Ten?

Child Devotee: To not have complete faith in chanting the holy name and to maintain material attachments, even after so many instructions on this matter.

Jayapataka Swami: Yes. (Devotees laugh and applaud) The thing is, just like a plant, if you water the plant every day, with at least a minimal amount of water, that's plant A, then exhibit B, you water the plant one day, giving it some water, then two days you don't give any water, then another day, some more, then some more days, you don't give it water, so which plant is going to grow faster? The regular one, which has some minimum per day, or the one that irregularly gets some water?

Man: The one that you water regularly, of course.

Jayapataka Swami: So, Lord Caitanya said that this bhakti is like a seed in the heart, and the chanting and hearing is like watering. It's irrigation, so that's why we count how many times we chant, so that we can maintain some minimum.

So, in the beginning you may only chant two rounds, or four rounds, or six rounds, but one should try to set some minimum. "At least, I'll do two a day, or four a day, or six a day, or eight a day." Like that. You may say, "Well, there wasn't any time." or, you just forgot, "Oh, I have finish my chanting of Hare Krishna." That's called avrata.

A vratais like a vow, a promise. That, "I'm going to do this much at the minimum." That gives one great strength, additional strength than just doing it one day, casually, and one who's doing it on a minimum basis, it gives it an additional potency. It's also very practical, that we get regular watering.

This applies even in athletics or yoga, anything. They say if you exercise five days a week, then it's alright, but if you only do two, three days, it doesn't make much difference because there's so much time in between that. So, you have to build up the spiritual strength, like building up a dam. Every day, a little bit's leaking out in a sense because of our carelessness, our inattentiveness.

So, by keeping a minimum, we build up our strength. Gradually, it's like filling up the glass. Once the glass is filled up with water, then there's no room for anything else. As long as we're only half-full, it's still half-empty. Or, worse yet, the other stuff can go in there.

So, Harry, why don't you try to chant for yourself, aminimum. Try it. See how you advance. You can set your own, initially. What you can do, what you think you can do, every day. You may do more, some

days. No harm. But, like that, minimum, but then you can raise your minimum. We do 16 as a minimum. Those who are initiated, takes about an hour and a half, two hours to do 16, ordinarily. Up to. Whatever one sets it at, it's very important that one do it regularly.

Man: Can I make a vow?

Jayapataka Swami: Yes.

Devotee: Your Divine Grace, you were talking a few moments ago about how, so often devotees would be so much absorbed in Krishna consciousness, that they wouldn't worry about endeavoring separately, like to make acquisition of material opulences. Sometimes I've seen that devotees are meditating on how to actually collect Laksmi in so many different businesses, or devotees sell paraphernalia.

Jayapataka Swami: That's for Krishna. It's not for their own sense gratification. When SrilaPrabhupadawas given his horoscope, he could've made millions of dollars, but when he got the order of Bhaktisiddhanta, to print books and do so many different preachings, so then, instead of just fully doing his business, he would use every spare moment toprint books and to print the Back to Godhead, and do so many works for Bhaktisiddhanta Sarasvati Thakura. So, as a result, he went along, but he never made it very rich. Although, he had the potential, if he would've just thrown himself into that.

Sometimes, devotees say that I just want to make millions for Krishna, then you don't see any money, and you don't see the devotee. Everything is lost. So, first of all, we should protect our Krishna consciousness.

There was one very wealthy man who, he decided that he wanted to give all of his wealth to Bhaktisiddhanta, so he gave everything to the last paisa, to Bhaktisiddhanta, and that's what he built the birthplace of Lord Caitanya temple with. Then, he became a babaji, and he just sat and chanted. That's why his temple is in the gateway there. So that one babaji, he was one of the only two people that Bhaktisiddhantaacutally gave babaji initiation to. He just chanted Hare Krishna. He gave everything. He was a millionaire. He gave everything and then chanted Hare Krishna. What was the last part of your question?

Devotee: So, in the past also we could have done so nicely. Now, devotees who have acquired some Laksmi, and so could've done some nice temple worship and deity worship. Devotees were satisfied, just to do their little worship, or whatever.

Jayapataka Swami: Yeah but, now, everybody's in complete ignorance. The whole world, for now, you can be satisfied, but how can any devotees be satisfied just himself worshipping, and himself being Krishna conscious, and not trying to help the others? Lord Caitanya said, janmasarthakakari 'kara para-upakara, to perfect yourself, and then to help the others. That now, that you see, everywhere are around you people are suffering, they're in complete ignorance of their spiritual identity. They don't know what is the purpose of life. They think that these material objectsare their perfection, and they're

suffering at every minute, so naturally, a devotee, when he makes some advancement, is going to be thinking how to bring these people to Krishna consciousness.

And the people, they always think, "Oh what are these people doing for society? How are you selfsufficient?" This, that. So, by showing how we can do various activities to engage people in Krishna's service, like making bliss bars and so on, and so forth, that's very big preaching for people like Americans who want to see that you can still be productive and be Krishna conscious.

Now we should preach to them, that they can go on doing their business, no harm, but they should chant Hare Krishna. They should become Krishna conscious. They should gradually understand their real spiritual identity and their relationship with Krishna.

We are not opposed to making money. Some of these brahmanas, they's make lots of money, but they would just spend it right away, on Krishna. Rupa and Sanatana were multi-millionaires, but they were continuously giving their money to the brahmanas in charity, who were preaching and doing various programs, and that was only brahmanas, now we have to engage all kinds of people. All type of Vaisnavas with different propensities, so some people have propensities for doing different things, some of those people have propensities for doing business, but I don't think very many. Maybe some people have propensity for working, for puja and for preaching, and so we engage the people, accordingly.

If one person doesn't feel able to go out, raising huge sums of money for Krishna, then that person should neither feel frustrated, on the one hand, that there's no scope for him in Krishna consciousness, nor should he feel that the other people who are able to raise funds for preaching and for building nice temples and communities for Krishna, are in any way materialistic. That's all spiritual as long as their fruits are all going to Krishna, and used in Krishna's service.

There are other services that devotees can do, just like, in the temple, there's people that cook, that do puja, they are all supportive to the preaching. Now, there's other kinds of preaching coming up like nama-hatta preaching, like getting people to chant Hare Krishna, congregational programs, gurukula, which are not directly connected, they may not be big fund raisers, there's a scope for all different kinds of people, but no organization can run without land, capital, manpower and organization. Capital is also needed. So, in those days, the brahmanas used to go door to door and beg, and people used to give donations. Now, we can't go door to door and beg, so to speak, so we give out books or we give other things and, in lieu of that, and the donations are what we get.

You don't just take. You give something, that's our policy. But, we're not satisfied that, "I should be Krishna conscious, and then never mind anybody else." We want that everyone should be Krishna conscious. At least, they should get the chance to be Krishna conscious. It's up to them. We can't force them. It's their independent choice, but we have to give them the choice, otherwise, as Harry said, there's so many people that don't know Krishna, don't know His incarnation, don't know anything about Him, don't know who they are. Don't know who Krishna is, who the devotees are. So, those people need to be helped.

Man: Excuse me. I was going to say, a lot of them know who the devotees are, but they don't see the correlation between, God consciousness, and people at the airport because they're not reading the books. They may have a book, but they're not reading it. Or, they get cheated at the airport and they cop an attitude, so they just throw the book away. I've seen it happen.

Jayapataka Swami: Now we need more congregational programs to add depth. People get the book. They have questions. They don't know what to do. So the congregational program is when people read the book and get a little interested, then you cultivate them, get them to chant, get them to advance, then get them also. They can distribute so many books and can explain to people the value of the books.

Some of our, some of our namahatta devotees, one man from our Indian friends of Krishna distributed 5,000 books last year. If you have a congregational program, congregation would like to take 5 or 10 books in a month and distribute to their friends. When they talk their friends into something good, then those people have a different aspect, a different interest in the book.

I always said that we cannot be narrow-minded in our outlook of Krishna consciousness. We have to have a broad vision, how everyone can be accommodated in Krishna consciousness. Everyone that has any desire to serve Krishna must be accommodated as long as they're not envious, or destructive, and have a sincere desire to serve Krishna.

Prabhupada told me, before I went to India, 1970, when I was just going through Los Angeles, for my first time, we went on a morning walk, then suddenly stopped in front of a church, or the temple, and said that, "In the future, the temples will be similar to Christian churches in that there will be so many people who don't live in the temple, hundreds and hundreds of people with every temple who will be around and who will practice Krishna conscious, in their home and who will come to the temple occasionally, but who will be supportive to the temple.

I have a stack of business cards of people I meet on the airplane. People that have agreed to chant Hare Krishna, taken books, who are Vice-Presidents of multi-million dollar corporations, who are big executives, who are all different kind of people. All I do is ask them to chant Hare Krishna. No one ever asks people to chant Hare Krishna. If you ask people to chant, some people will agree to chant.

Every time a sankirtana devotee meets a favorable person in the airport, there should be a program, get his name, and have a person write them a special letter, phone them up, cultivate them, "How did you like the book?", send them another book another book if they liked it. Follow it up, just like every other organization in the world that's successful. The Mormons go in South America, the poorest country in South America, and make 100,000 congregational members, 10%. They have to donate to be a Mormon, and in the poorest 3<sup>rd</sup> world country, they'll make \$4,000,000 dollars a month. Because they simply go and meet the people, and they're concerned that they go to the next step and actually practice Krishna conscisousness, or whatever their consciousness is.

So, we've started this part of Latin America, and we'll get people in the government, thousands of people. When I went in Peru, there's 500 people, all friends of Krishna that went to the airport to greet

me. They're chanting, some two rounds, some 8 rounds, some 10 rounds, some 16 rounds, and all that can be done in North America, also. It's just a question of having one person who's willing to very patiently cultivate those kind of people. It takes sometimes four or five years, they may never become full devotees, but they'll do some service.

In London, they have Friend of Lord Krishna program. They have made over 500, or 1,000 members, they let them give whatever they want, as a donation. Some give 50 pences, and some give 500 pounds, a month. The average is maybe 5 or 10 pounds, but it adds up to enough to support the program and print a quarterly magazine. But it takes a couple years for developing that kind of outreach.

It's a whole new area of preaching, that Prabhupada said, "I've done half the work. Now you have to do the other half: Varnasrama preaching." He said varnasrama means the people not in the temple, outside. Where's the question of varnasrama if they don't even chant Hare Krishna. Daiva-varnasrama begins with chanting Hare Krishna, then you engage them in service. So, meet a favorable person who's got the book, next thing is try to get his name, try to get him to chant Hare Krishna.

The PTA, the women there, everyone was given a set of beads, shown how to chant, they chanted rounds. Many people bought beads and kept it. It's like that. You ask the people to chant. If you explain it, some people like to do it. As I understand, Prabhupada told Tripurari Maharaja that he should give out deities of Krishna on sankirtana. Tell people to put it on their television set, and wave the magic incense wand. Chant Hare Krishna, and anything they desire, make a wish to the deity, that this is the deity to answer all their desires. They should do this daily, and they'll have all their desires satisfied. You want to try it in Thailand or South America: El Dios, del Deseos, "The God of the Desires."

Somehow or other: yenatenaprakarenakrsnamanahnivesayet. Get the people to chant Hare Krishna. I know the congregational program in the long run will distribute so many books. Every thousand people connected to the temple, they distribute 10 books a month, 10,000 books, and everybody they'll give it to will definitely read the book. In that one month, you give 10 people books and they're going to read the book. Just like in North America, it's a whole new concept.

What it will do is that, when these congregations are built up, the devotees will be at a much higher platform. Then, people will come in the temple, they'll be looking to the devotees to give them the example, to give them instruction. They'll look at the devotees as brahmanas. They'll see themselves as being ksatriyas, and being vaisyas. Being supportive to the temple. They'll look to the devotees as preachers and as guidance.

Already, I know that in southeast USA that they don't ever, they don't ever have to pay for any hotels. They always stay with the Friends of Lord Krishna houses, or in some Indian's house, or something like that. It's not that everyone has to be FOLK, but at least one person ought to be there. Then every time a sankirtana devotee meets someone who takes a book and, "Oh, I like your movement. I've got about 5 of these books. I'm really into it. I really like you people.", only the guy never came to our temple, and he may never come, unless you get his name down, unless we write him a letter. And now, in America, direct letter. You get these computers. You can write everybody a form letter, but it looks the same, and it looks like it's a personalized letter, because its done by a computer. Now, in India, we have to type them all out. Here, you don't even have to do that. They get that personalized touch, and they appreciate it because everybody in the material world is very lonely. There's no friend.

The secretary of the president of Bolivia is chanting 4 rounds of Hare Krishna, and he's probably a Christian. Every time I go into Boliva I don't, I don't go through Customs or Immigration. They take me right up to the VIP lounge, to the door. Once I was greeted by the Industrial Minister, once, by the television. And, when I leave, I don't have to also go up through any frisk or anything. They take me right up to the plane, and I go in. When I'm in the temple, usually, there's one period from 2-4 in the afternoon when everyone is thrown out, then the big government officials come, and they ask me about law of karma and other questions. Because we had one man in the government that was a friend of Krishna, he chants 8 rounds a day, is a vegetarian trying to get him to 16, but he's a tough nut, and he's got everybody else into it.

Devotee: Is he a native of that country, or an Indian?

Jayapataka Swami: No, a native. In that country, I haven't met an Indian. I think there's only twelve Indians in Peru, and I never met one of them.

Devotee: How are they preaching to the government? How are they actually, getting them that close?

Jayapataka Swami: One guy was interested. He just came around the temple, then he brings all his friends, because they have an open thing. And he goes to Krishna, friend of Krishna. Anyone that's a little interested, we'll sign them up as a friend of Krishna, as a member of the congregation. Then, when the come up a little higher, they become a League of devotee, then after that, the initiation.

I initiated one or two professors, so far, of universities. Now they're chanting 16 rounds and they're following everything. It took them a couple years to get around to it. They're wonderful, in their service and they'll give money, and preach outside, they're just too old to move into the temple as a brahmacari. It's pretty tough.

Transcribed by Jagannathadasa April 16<sup>th</sup>, 2015 Sri MayapuraDhama