# Śrī Brhad-bhāgavatāmrta

## by Śrīla Sanātana Gosvāmī

Volume-2

### Śrī-goloka-māhātmya

### The Glories of Goloka



Jñāna: Knowledge



grees

with of the Universe

yathā-sthānam prayātesu dhyāna-nisthesu tesv atha drastum bhramāmi sambhāvya pūrva-vaj jagad-īśvaram

When they went off to their respective places (tesv atha yathāsthānam prayātesu) to absorb themselves in meditation (dhyānanisthesu), I started wandering (bhramāmi), searching (drastum sambhāvya) as always (pūrva-vad) for the Lord of the universe (jagad-īśvaram). The assembly finished, the Kumāras and their associates disappeared from the spot and returned to their individual places of meditation.

Gopa-kumāra, left to himself, turned his mind to his favorite topic, the Lord of universe.

He conjectured that since the Lord was visible on Svargaloka and Maharloka, the Lord must be visible here as well.

With that idea in mind, Gopa-kumāra began searching.

Why didn't he just ask someone where to find the Lord?

He had no time to ask anything, because at first the four Kumāras had been receiving the worship of a large crowd of sages and immediately afterwards everyone reverted into trance.



Not seeing Him anywhere (na dṛṣṭvā tam itas tato), I tried to inquire of the great sages (apṛcchaṁ tān mahā-munīn), but as I stood before them (agre) offering prayers (stuvantaṁ) and obeisances (namantaṁ) they did not even look at me (na te mām lokayanty api).



#### 2.2.81

prāyah sarve samādhi-sthā naisthikā ūrdhva-retasah svātmārāmāh pūrņa-kāmāh sevyamānāś ca siddhibhih

Virtually everyone there was fixed in samādhi (<u>prāya</u>ḥ <u>sarve</u> <u>samādhi-sthā</u>). They were all self-satisfied (<u>svātmārāmā</u>ḥ) lifelong celibates (<u>naiṣṭhikā ūrdhva-retasa</u>ḥ), full in the achievement of all desires (<u>pūrṇa-kāmā</u>ḥ) and served by mystic perfections (<u>sevyamānāś ca siddhibhi</u>ḥ). Occasionally the residents of Tapoloka have philosophical meetings or worship the Supreme, but otherwise they remain externally disengaged.

Nothing in the outside world attracts them.



#### 2.2.82 bhagavad-darśanāśā ca mahatī phalitā na me utābhūd viramantīva teṣāṁ saṅga-svabhāvataḥ

This time my constant desire to see the Supreme Lord (me mahatī bhagavad-darśana āśā) was ungratified (na phalitā), and indeed by the influence of the company of the sages (uta teṣāṁ saṅgasvabhāvataḥ) it seemed to dwindle almost to nil (viramanti iva abhūd).



Nonetheless (athāpy), I stayed there for some time (tatra avasam), attracted by the display of great power (teṣām prabhāva-bharadarśanāt). Out of respect for my guru's order (guru-vāg-gauravād), and because I had seen how effective my mantra was (dṛṣṭaphalatvāt ca), I kept on chanting (atyajan japam). The atmosphere of Tapoloka weakened Gopa-kumāra's resolve to see the Lord, but still he persevered in chanting his japa.

His guru had ordered him never to stop chanting, and Gopa-kumāra did not want to be ungrateful by disobeying.



#### 2.2.84

sthāna-svabhāva-jāc cittaprasādānandato 'dhikam tena sampadyamānena sā didṛkṣā vivardhitā

Thanks to the peaceful bliss in my heart (citta-prasāda ānandatah) that the nature of that place inspired (sthāna-svabhāva-jāt sampadyamānena), I chanted my mantra even more attentively than before (tena adhikam). Thus my desire to see the Lord actually increased (sā didṛkṣā vivardhitā).



The pervasive mood of self-satisfaction seemed to reduce his desire to have the company of the Supreme Lord.

But that same peace of mind characteristic of Tapoloka gradually helped him improve his chanting, and then the mantra exerted its own influence.

As ghee poured on a fire seems momentarily to extinguish the fire but then gives it new life, the atmosphere of Tapoloka only briefly decreased Gopa-kumāra's desire to see the Lord of the universe.



#### 2.2.85 <u>sadā nīlācale rājaj-</u> <u>jagannātha-didrksayā</u> <u>yiyāsum tatra samlakṣyā-</u> bravīn mām pippalāyanaḥ

The sage Pippalāyana (pippalāyanaḥ) noticed (samlakṣyā) that I eagerly desired to go to Nīlācala (nīlācale yiyāsum) to see Lord Jagannātha (jagannātha-didrkṣayā), who lives there always resplendent (sadā tatra rājat). The sage then spoke to me (abravīt mām) The thought of returning to Jagannātha Purī kept resurfacing in Gopa-kumāra's heart, first in Svarga, then on Maharloka, and now here on Tapoloka, for Lord Jagannātha did not manifest Himself on the planets of the demigods and sages.

Pippalāyana Ŗṣi, the middle son of nine self-realized sons of Lord Ŗṣabhadeva, observed Gopa-kumāra wandering aimlessly, a sad, discouraged look on his face.

Śrī Pippalāyana was practically omniscient, so he could easily understand the symptoms of Gopa-kumāra's distraction



Śrī Pippalāyana said: Why do you want to leave this exalted place (katham idam mahat padam hitvā) for another (anyad yiyāsasi)? And why are you wandering around (katham vā bhramasi) to see (drastum) the Supreme Lord (tam parameśvaram) with your eyes (drgbhyām)? In Pippalāyana's opinion, the attempt to see the Supreme with one's eyes is useless, because the Lord is imperceptible to the material senses.

# Tapoloka is the planet of the greatest masters of yoga, who have completely controlled their sex urge.

And the happiness enjoyed on Tapoloka is millions of times greater than that of the Prajāpatis.

Where else could Gopa-kumāra want to go?.