Śrī Bṛhad-bhāgavatāmṛta

by Śrīla Sanātana Gosvāmī

Volume-2

Śrī-goloka-māhātmya

The Glories of Goloka

Chapter-3

Bhajana: Worship

In Join white & Executable the Desires of the Secretary o

2.3.139

bhaktānām sac-cid-ānandarūpeṣv aṅgendriyātmasu ghaṭate svānurūpeṣu vaikuṇṭhe 'nyatra ca svataḥ

In Vaikuntha (vaikunthe) and elsewhere (anyatra ca), the transcendental nature of devotional activity spontaneously shows itself (svatah ghatate) in the suitably formed (svānurūpeṣu) saccid-ānanda bodies (sac-cid-ānanda-rūpeṣu) of the Lord's devotees (bhaktānām), bodies composed of limbs and senses (anga indriya ātmasu).

In Vaikuntha and elsewhere, the transcendental nature of devotional activity spontaneously shows itself in the suitably formed sac-cid-ananda bodies of the Lord's devotees, bodies composed of limbs and senses.

Devotional service is thus established as transcendental activity that naturally manifests itself in the purified hearts of the devotees; it is not material.

Still, someone might question how self-manifesting bhakti could appear in devotees as such activities as hearing and chanting, which involve the body and its senses.

To clear this doubt, we need to understand that devotees of the Supreme Lord, both in Vaikuntha and elsewhere, perform bhakti with spiritual bodies and senses.

There is no discrepancy in this conception, because the limbs and senses of the pure Vaiṣṇavas are equal in spiritual quality with pure devotional service.

Even devotees who still live in this world in bodies made of material energy can engage in pure bhakti because the appearance of bhakti transforms their bodies.



