## Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam

Canto Ten: The Summum Bonum

With the Sārārtha-darśinī commentary

by Śrīla Viśvanātha Cakravartī Ṭhākura

## Canto Ten – Chapter Two

# Prayers by the Demigods for Lord Kṛṣṇa in the Womb

### Section – V

Demigods offer prayers to the

Lord in the Womb (Garbha

Stuti) (25-42)

By the Source of the source of

|| 10.2.33||

tathā na te mādhava tāvakāḥ kvacid
bhraśyanti mārgāt tvayi baddha-sauhrdāḥ
tvayābhiguptā vicaranti nirbhayā
vināyakānīkapa-mūrdhasu prabho

O Mādhava, Supreme Personality of Godhead, Lord of the goddess of fortune (mādhava prabho), if devotees (tāvakāh) completely in love with You (tvayi baddha-sauhrdāh) sometimes fall from the path of devotion (kvacid bhraśyanti mārgāt), they do not fall like nondevotees (na tathā), for You still protect them (tvayābhiguptā). Thus they fearlessly traverse (vicaranti (tīrbhayā)) the heads of their opponents and continue to progress in devotional service (vināyal anīkapathāru).

"Bharata, Indradyumna and Citraketu, who were great devotees, are not criticized even though they fell.

Then why do the jnanis get criticized so heavily?"

This verse answers the question.

The devotees on the path of bhakti do not fall like the pretenders of liberation—what to speak of giving up the Lord's lotus feet.

Even if bhaktas fall, in that state they remain firmly attached to Your lotus feet.

Though Citraketu, Bharata and Indradyumna fell and took the bodies of demons like Vrtra and others, their prema increased a hundred-fold.

One should see their fall-down as a cause for increasing prema.

Their fall is not like the fall of the aspirants for liberation, for even in the fallen state they remain firmly attached to Your feet.

They remain faithful to the Lord, thinking that their fall has been arranged by the Lord for their own benefit; for the Lord promises that His devotee will never perish.

Being thus convinced of Kṛṣṇa's protection, they tread over the heads of the demigods causing obstacles.

In other words, they conquer over all obstacles.

Another meaning can be that the devotees hold on their own heads the feet of the Lord which destroy all obstacles.

|| 10.2.34||
| attvam viśuddham śrayale bhavan sthitau
| śarīriṇām śreya (upayanam vapuh
| veda kriyā-yoga-tapah-samādhibhis
| tavārhaṇam vena janah samīhate

Lord, during the time of maintenance (sthitau) You manifest several incarnations (bhavān śrayate), all with transcendental bodies, beyond the material modes of nature (sattvam viśuddham vapuh). When You appear in this way, You bestow all good fortune upon the living entities (sarīriṇām śreyaupāyanam) by teaching them to perform Vedic activities such as ritualistic ceremonies, mystic yoga, austerities, penances, and ultimately samādhi, ecstatic absorption in thoughts of You (veda-kriyā voga (tapah-samādhibhib). Thus You are worshiped by the Vedic principles (yena janaḥ tava arhaṇam samīhate).

In verse 29 there was mention of the Lord's pure forms appearing in the world of moving and non-moving entities.

That verse says that the purpose of the Lord's appearance is to help the devotees.

In verse 30-33 the purity of bhakti has been mentioned.

In verse 32, there is the hint that by attachment to the Lord's feet the devotee also attains liberation as a secondary result.

This shows that the real purpose of the Lord's appearance in the world is to establish bhakti.

viśuddha: transcendental; indicates that sattva is beyond material contamination.

"You accept a purely spiritual body beyond material contamination (visuddha sattvam)."

"And what type of form is it?"

sthitau: maintenance;

"In maintaining (sthitau) the world, You accept a body which brings about benefit (upāyana) and supreme auspiciousness (reya) for the living entities."

"What is that benefit?"

veda kr<u>iyā</u> yoga tap<u>asa</u> sam<u>ā</u>dhi

Brahmacaris study the Vedas.

Grhasthas perform kriya yoga.

Vanaprasthas perform austerities and sannyasis sit in samadhi.

**arhaṇam samīhate**: Men worship You through their activities in these four asramas.

Your appearance creates this benefit.

If one does not accept Your spiritual form he cannot attain perfection.

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| 10.

O Lord, cause of all causes (dhātar), if this form of Yours (idam) were not beyond the modes of material nature (na ced nijam sattvam bhaved), then how can the devotees understand Your form (vijñānam apamārjanam), which destroys material bondage (ajñāna-bhidā). Only by the strong influence of Your spiritual qualities and prema (guṇa prakāśair) can we understand the of Your Lordship (anumīyate bhavān). Your transcendental nature transcendental nature is very difficult to understand unless one is influenced by the presence of Your transcendental form (yasya ca yena vā guṇaḥ prakāśate).

"Some people conclude that My form is material sattva guna."

This verse is spoken to answer this challenge.

idam: this;

The demigods point at the womb of Devaki with an index finger and say,

"O Lord! If this form of Yours was material sattva and not nijam sattvam or suddha sattva (beyond material contamination), then there would be an absence (mārjanam apa) of devotees realizing Your spiritual form."

vijñānam: transcendental knowledge;

"The realization of the devotees is the proof of the Lord's spiritual form."

What do they realize?

"By realizing that Your body is completely spiritual, material bondage (ajñāna) gets extinguished (bhidā)."

"One should have no doubt about the reality of their realization.

There is also more evidence about the Lord's spiritual form.

By the strong influence of Your qualities, the manifestation of Your mercy in the form of prema (guṇa prakāśaiḥ), and Your grace appearing in our minds, we must conclude that Your body is not material."

#### prakāśate yasya guṇaḥ: reveal Your qualities;

"Those qualities manifest from a person possessing spiritual nature, not from matter.

It is You who have those qualities.

There must be some person to manifest those qualities, for matter alone cannot do that."

yena vā: by which, either;

"It is by the agency of suddha sattva that these qualities must manifest, not by the agency of matter."

#### Another meaning is this:

"If Your suddha sattva body were never to manifest, then the realization which destroys ignorance would not take place.

If Your body were material, then You could be inferred by the use of material intelligence (guna prakāśaih).

He who possesses matter, and by whose intelligence matter manifests would be called the Lord."